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The Pentateuch as Torah

New Models for Understanding Its Promulgation and Acceptance

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Abbreviations

General Abbreviations

*	An asterisk following a chapter or verse reference (i.e., Exod 14:21*) indicates that the intent is not to refer to the entire verse or chapter but to an original layer
	that has been reconstructed in the given unit
//	parallel(s) or is parallel to (e.g., 2 Samuel 22 // Psalm 18)
CD	Cairo Genizah copy of the Damascus Document
D	Deuteronomy (pentateuchal source)
Dt or Dtn	The original "Deuteronomic" literary layer of Deuterononomy (generally connected with the reform of Josiah, ca. 622 B.C.E.); or the "Deuteronomist" as
	the author responsible for that work
Dtr	"Deuteronomistic," in contrast to Deuteronomic: designates secondary layers in
	Deuteronomy that represent the work of later editors (usually dated to the
	Babylonian Exile or later); alternatively, may designate the author of these layers.
	Dtr may also designate secondary layers elsewhere in the Bible (especially in the
	Deuteronomistic History or in the prophetic corpus) composed by or under the
	influence of the Deuteronomistic Historian
DtrH	The Deuteronomistic History (Joshua through 2 Kings); or the
	Deuteronomistic Historian, as the author of this material
DSS	Dead Sea Scrolls
E	Elohist source (of the Pentateuch)
ET	English translation
fr.	fragmentum, fragmenta (fragment, fragments)
frg.	fragment
H	Holiness Code (Leviticus 17–26; from German Heiligkeitsgesetz)
J	Yahwist source/writer of one portion of the Pentateuch ("J" from German Jahwist)
KJV	King James Version
LXX	Greek translation of the Hebrew Bible (Alexandria, Egypt, ca. 250–150 B.C.E.)
MT	Masoretic Text
(N)JPSV	The Holy Scriptures: The New JPS Translation according to the Traditional Hebrew Tex
NKJV	New King James Version
NRSV	New Revised Standard Version
P	Priestly source/writer of one portion of the Pentateuch
pl.	plural
PN	Personal Name
ŔSV	Revised Standard Version
sg. or sing.	singular
SP	Samaritan Pentateuch
Vg.	Vulgate